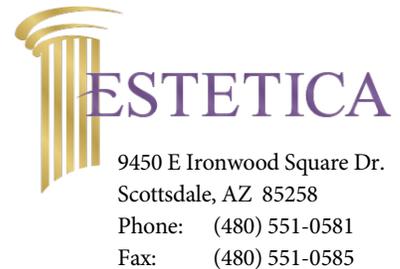

Patient's Name

Date of Birth



Dental Implant Surgery Consent

(One Stage, Two Stage, Immediate Load and Temporary)

Please initial each paragraph after reading. If you have any questions, please ask your doctor BEFORE signing.

You have the right to be given information about your proposed implant placement so that you are able to make the decision as to whether to proceed with surgery. What you are being asked to sign is your acknowledgment that you fully understand the nature of the proposed treatment, the known risks associated with it, and the possible alternative treatments.

My planned procedure will involve placement of (#) _____ to _____ implant(s) in the

area(s) of my (circle) **UPPER** and/or **LOWER** jaw.

_____ I understand that dental implants may be placed by either a one-stage technique or two-stage technique. One stage means the implant will be surgically positioned with a portion of the implant protruding through your gum tissue at the completion of surgery. Two-stage surgery requires one surgery to place the implant, followed by a healing time, then a second surgery to uncover the implant and place a healing cap that protrudes through the gum tissue. Both the one-stage and two-stage implant placement techniques usually require a healing period before your restorative dentist will be able to place a dental restoration. Your surgeon and restorative dentist will utilize the technique that is best suited for your condition.

_____ In certain unusual circumstances, and with very specific criteria, your surgeon and restoring dentist may elect to restore some or all of the implants immediately or shortly after the placement procedure. This technique is called "Immediate Load" and it carries some increased concerns about bone and implant healing.

_____ In certain unusual circumstances, "Temporary Implants" may be placed to temporarily anchor a provisional dental restoration while the other implants heal. This technique carries some increased concerns about the longevity of the "temporary" implants. "Temporary" implants are usually removed in the final treatment phase.

_____ In certain cases, the surgery may involve additional materials and procedures (grafting with bone or artificial bone substitutes, use of healing membranes and associated fixation devices, impressions or indexing the implants, etc.). The need for those procedures may not be apparent until after the surgery has begun.

Patient's Initials _____

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- ____ F. Restricted mouth opening for several days; sometimes related to swelling and muscle soreness and sometimes related to stress on the jaw joints (TMJ).
- ____ G. Injury to nerve branches in the jaw or soft tissue resulting in tingling, numbness, or pain in the chin, lips, cheek, gums, tongue (including possible loss of taste sensation) or teeth on the operated side(s). These symptoms may persist for several weeks or months, and in some cases may be permanent.
- ____ H. Opening into the sinus (a normal hollow chamber in the bone above the roots of back upper teeth) requiring additional treatment. If the sinus is entered there may be symptoms of sinusitis for several weeks that may require certain medications and additional recovery time.
- ____ I. Fracture of the jaw or of thin bony plates.
- ____ J. Bone loss around the implants.
- ____ K. Certain other fixation devices may be used (screws, plates, membranes, etc.) that may either stay in place permanently or require later removal by another surgery. There may be unexpected exposure of these devices through the gum, causing their premature loss or removal, and possible loss of the implant.
- ____ L. Implant or prosthesis failure. Rarely, the implant or parts of the structure holding the replacement tooth, or the replacement tooth itself, may fail due to chewing stresses.
- ____ M. Rejection of the implant by natural body defenses. (If the implant is lost, it is usually possible to replace it in a later surgery after the bony defect has healed or been bone grafted to achieve adequate bone volume for another implant placement procedure)
- ____ N. Other:

____ It has been explained to me that during the course of surgery unforeseen conditions may be revealed that will necessitate extension of the original procedure or a different procedure from that which was planned (for example, changing from a one-stage to a two-stage process, use of bone grafting techniques involving substitute material or locally available bone particles, etc.). I give my permission for such additional procedures that may be indicated in my doctor's professional judgment.

____ No guarantee can be or has been given that the implant(s) will last for a specific time period. It is anticipated that the proposed treatment will offer measurable relief for my condition, or otherwise enhance my dental health. Nonetheless, it is not possible to predict the absolute certainty of success. I hereby acknowledge that no guarantee, warranty or assurance has been given to me that the proposed surgery will be completely successful in eliminating all pre-treatment symptoms or complaints acknowledge that there is the risk of failure, relapse, selective re-treatment, or worsening of my present condition, despite efforts at optimal care.

____ I understand that once the implant is inserted, the entire treatment plan must be followed and completed on schedule. If the planned schedule is not carried out, the implant(s) may fail.

____ I understand that my doctor is not a seller of the implant device itself and makes no warranty or guarantee regarding success or failure of the implant or its attachments used in this procedure.

Patient's Initials _____



Patient's Name

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Anesthesia

The anesthesia I have chosen for my surgery is:

- Local anesthesia (numbness)
- Local anesthesia with Nitrous Oxide/Oxygen (Laughing Gas)
- Local anesthesia with Oral Sedation (Relaxing Pill)
- Local Anesthesia with Intravenous Sedation
- Local Anesthesia with General Anesthesia

Anesthetic Risks include: discomfort, swelling, bruising, infection, prolonged numbness and allergic reactions. There may be inflammation at the site of an intravenous injection (phlebitis) that may cause prolonged discomfort and/or disability, and may require special care. Nausea and vomiting, although rare, may be a side effect of IV anesthesia. Intravenous sedation and/or anesthesia is a serious procedure and, although considered safe, carries with it the risk of heart irregularities, heart attack, stroke, brain damage or death.

Your Obligation if IV Anesthesia is used:

- A. Because anesthetic medications cause prolonged drowsiness, you **MUST** be accompanied by a responsible adult to drive you home and stay with you until you are recovered sufficiently to care for yourself. This may be up to 24 hours.
- B. During recovery time (24 hours) you should not drive, exercise, or operate devices that may harm you, or make important decisions that demand full comprehension.
- C. You must have a completely empty stomach. **IT IS VITAL THAT YOU HAVE NOTHING TO EAT OR DRINK FOR SIX (6) HOURS PRIOR TO YOUR ANESTHETIC. TO DO OTHERWISE MAY BE LIFE THREATENING!**
- D. **However**, it is important that you take any regular medications (high blood pressure, antibiotics, etc.) or any medications provided by this office, **using only a small sip of water.**

_____ I understand tobacco use is extremely detrimental to the success of implant surgery. I agree to cease all use of tobacco for 2-3 weeks prior to and after surgery, including the later uncovering procedure, and to make strong efforts to give up smoking entirely.

Patient's Initials _____

